

THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

VOL. XIX.

CYNTHIANA, KY., JANUARY 20, 1870.

NO. 47.

CYNTHIANA NEWS.

A. J. MOREY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
TERMS.
The CYNTHIANA NEWS is published weekly
\$2 per annum in advance.

Rates of Advertising
PER SQUARE OF 10 LINES.
One insertion - \$1.00
Three months - 4.00
Six months - 7.00
Twelve months - 10.00
Obituary Notices - 0.50

Job Work executed with neatness
and dispatch, on reasonable terms.
The News has been incorporated by
the Legislature of Kentucky and can publish
Legal Advertisements.

Kentucky Central Rail Road.

UP TRAINS.

Leave Covington at 7.55 A. M. and 1.20 P. M.
Arrive at Cynthiana at 10.53 A. M. and 4.23 P. M.
Arrive at Lexington at 12.33 P. M. and 6.05 P. M.
Arrive at Nicholasville at 1.25 P. M. and 8.30 P. M.

DOWN TRAINS.

Leave Nicholasville at 4.50 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.
Leave Lexington at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.
Arrive at Cynthiana at 8.30 A. M. and 4.25 P. M.
Arrive at Covington at 11.40 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

Both trains run through between
Covington and Nicholasville.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. DREXILEUS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Ready-Made Clothing and Gent's
Furnishing Goods.

South-East corner Madison and Sixth
Street, Covington, Ky. Jan. 24, 1870.

A. WEBSTER. H. M. HODGES.

Webster and Hodges.

116 STREET, Cynthiana, Ky.

Commission

MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Hardware, Groceries,

Country Produce, Glass and

QUEENSWARE,

Painters and Glaziers Findings.

Glass and Putty,

Shoemakers' Findings,

City Tanned and Spanish Sole

French and City Calf,

Kipp, and Upper

Leather, Topping

and Lining Skins.

BLACKSMITHS APRONS.

WE have just received a

large and well selected

stock of goods, and are pre-

pared to sell to our friends and the public gen-

erally, at the lowest possible cash price.

Every description of Hardware.

All kinds of family groceries.

Country produce.

Extra family flour

Bacon and lard.

Dried beef, dried fruits. Fresh ground meal

Plaster paris, Lime, Cement, &c., &c., &c.

Odds and ends of everything at less than

the least. If you wish to get your money

back, come and see us. sent 10-68-17

G. R. SHARPE,

Manufacturer of

PURE STRAIGHT COPPER WHISKY,

Lair's Station, Kentucky

March 16.

M. REILLY,

Saddle & Harness

Maker.

No. 9, Pike Street,

COVINGTON, KY.

July 16-20.

WM. COLVIN,

House, Sign, and Ornamental,

Painter,

CYNTHIANA, Kentucky.

Graining, Glazing, Paper-hanging, &c., ex-

ecuted on short notice, and on reasonable

terms. April 16-6m.

STOCK, CALF CARPENTER, W. A. CARPENTER,

STECK, CARPENTER, & CO.

Wholesale and retail Dealers in

HARDWARE,

BENT WARE, BALE ROPE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TOOLS, TABLE AND POCKET

CUTLERY, &c., &c.

No. 26 Pike Street,

Covington, Ky.

April 20 77

F. M. GRAY,

DEALER IN

CONFECTIONARIES, TOYS,

AND

FANCY GOODS,

North side Pike street, Cynthiana.

Feb 11-17

L. N. LAIR. G. & C. L. REDMON. J. E. KEES.

Lair, Redmon and Co.

DISTILLERS OF

Pure Bourbon Whisky,

AT

Berryville, near Cynthiana, Ky.

March 4-17

Jewelry Establishment,

Charles Asmann,

(Successor to G. W. McDonald.)

DREXILEUS BUILDINGS

MADISON STREET,

Covington, Kentucky.

HAVING taken the location

better than a year ago, and hav-

ing fitted it up in a style be-

coming an establishment of the

kind, I feel satisfied that I could please my

customers from Harrison county, in price

and character of goods if they will call and

examine before purchasing elsewhere. I

have the finest assortment of Watches ever

offered in any market, manufactured ex-

pressly for me, consisting of

Gents' Gold and Silver Watches,

Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches,

Jewelry of all Styles,

Fine Diamond Sets,

Plated Ware of all Styles

Extra Table Cutlery, all prices,

Fancy Goods of all descriptions

All kinds of Silver Ware.

Call and see us. Feb 4-17.

Wellington and Cox,

SUCCESSOR TO

A. Seignette & Co.

Importers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 74 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Oct 8-68-25

Watches & Jewelry,

FANCY GOODS.

RIEKEL and RAUH,

Pike Street, Cynthiana,

KENTUCKY.

HAVE just received a large and splendid

assortment of all kinds of goods

in their line, to which they draw the atten-

tion of the public generally, and which they

offer at lower figures than can be obtained

at any other house of this kind. Their

stock consists of the following goods:

Fine Gold Gents' Watches,

" Ladies' Watches,

Fine Silver Gents' Watches,

American Watches,

Swiss Watches,

English Watches,

Gold Chains,

Silver Chains,

Plated Chains,

Hair Chains,

Gold Rings,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,

Fine Gold Sets,

Sleeve Buttons,

Gents' Pins,

Fancy Sets,

Mourning Sets,

Pearl Sleeve Buttons,

Silver Table Spoons,

Silver Dessert Spoons,

Silver Tea Spoons,

Plated Forks,

Fine Table Knives,

Gold Specks,

Silver Specks,

Steel Specks,

Silver Plated Castors,

Tea Sets,

Ice Pitchers,

Waiters,

Goblets, &c.,

Brittania Ware,

Viollins, Bugles,

Accordeons, Flutes,

French Harps,

Clocks,

Meerschmum Pipes,

Pocket Books,

Perfumery,

and a variety of Fancy Goods, too numerous

to mention. Jan 25-17

C. L. DONNALLY.

Resident Dentist, Cynthiana, Ky

Office on Pike street, over Cox's Dry

Goods Store. May 24-47

A Nice Fit.

GENTLEMEN and Boys, who wish to

have nice fitting garments cut, should

go to Dr. Douglas's. A nice fit guaranteed.

Charges moderate. Shop in the same

building where Dr. Ballew has his office,

on Main street. Oct 14-31

Dr. SAM. DOUGLAS,

WILL be in Cynthiana every other

County Court Day, to dispose of his

Great Cures.

Dr. D.'s Medicines will be found for sale

only, at the Drug Store of Dr. Ottwell.

October 14, 1869-3mo.

J. H. LAIR. J. R. MEGEE. C. L. LAIR.

LAIR, MEGEE & CO.

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

No. 521 Madison St.,

COVINGTON,

* Particular attention given to Distillers

orders.

Consignments of Wheat, Rye, Hemp, &c.

to be sold on commission or stored, will re-

ceive our personal and prompt attention

Sept. 30, 69-17.

NEW GROCERY HOUSE.

A NEW FIRM.

PAUL KING, JR. F. C. ASHBROOK

King & Ashbrook,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERY STORE,

At Just's old stand.

ARE now receiving and opening their

new stock of groceries consisting of

every article kept in a well arranged family

Grocery and Provision store. They will

continue to receive as fast as the necessity

demand of the new and fresh groceries

and at as cheap rates as they can be had in

the city.

By attention to business, we expect to

merit the favor of the public, and especially

from our numerous friends. Goods given

in exchange for country produce.

Oct 7

U. S. HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Burton & Stockton, Proprietors.

REFITTED AND FURNISHED.

Terms, \$2.50 per day.

December 23, 1869-17.

The Readers of the

CYNTHIANA NEWS.

Will please note that

T. W. SPRAGUE & CO

S. E. Corner 4th and Vine Street,

CINCINNATI, O.,

Are now ready with a new and

desirable Stock of Men's, Youth's

and Children's wear—at the low-

est possible price for CASH.

Oct. 7, 1869—4mo.—1-10c.

F. A. EVELETH'S

GROCERY.

We have just received a large and com-

plete stock of

Groceries,

HARDWARE, WOODENWARE

etc., etc., etc.

Which are determined to sell very low,

for the cash. Give us a call, and you will

be certain to buy

Sugars,

Granulated, Crushed, Demara, Pow-

dered and Cuba.

Syrups,

Our Choice, Mountain Dew, Gold

Drop, and New Orleans.

Soap,

Candles, and Starch.

Shot,

Powder, Lead, and Caps.

Build's Hardware

Nails by the keg, Locks, Hinges,

Screws, and Bolts.

Paints,

Linseed Oil, Coal Oil, Lard Oil, and

Fish Oil.

Woodenware,

Water buckets, Butter buckets, Wel

buckets, Tubs, Reelers, and

Baskets.

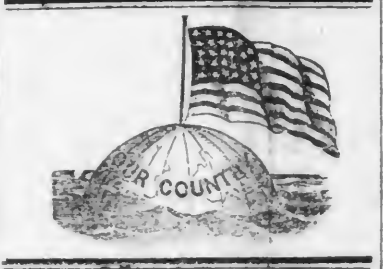
For sale by

F. A. EVELETH.

CYNTHIANA NEWS.

CYNTHIANA. --- JANUARY 20, 1870

A. J. MOREY, EDITOR.



[For the Cynthiana News.]

Baptism not Immersion.

BAPTISMS WITH GOD AS ADMINISTRATOR

A third example of Spirit baptism,

not called such indeed, but so ranked

by its phenomena, is recorded of the

Samaritans. Philip carried the gospel

to Samaria. Many believed.

"They were baptized." Acts XIII:

12. Peter and John afterwards

prayed for these baptized disciples.

"that they might receive the Holy

Ghost. For as yet he was fallen

upon none of them; only they were

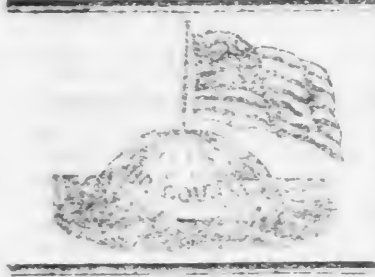
baptized in the name of the Lord

Jesus. Then they laid their hands

upon them, and they received the

Holy Ghost." Acts XIII: 15-17.

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Meeting of the Central Committee

Pursuant to a adjournment, the Central Committee met at the Court House, in Cynthiana, Harrison county, Ky., on Saturday the 18th day of January, 1870, for the purpose of adopting a rule for taking the vote at the Primary Election, to be held on the 1st Saturday in April next, to determine who shall be the Candidates of the Democratic Party, for the several County Offices, to be voted for at the next August Election. Present, Lucius Desha, Lewis Perrin, Thos. V. Ashbrook and P. Wherrett. The meeting was organized by electing Dr. L. Perrin, Chairman, and P. Wherrett, Secretary. Whereupon, on motion, it was ordered, that the persons holding said Primary Election, permit none to vote except recognized Democrats, and those holding said election shall be the Judges of the qualification of the voter, and determine who shall vote under this rule, and the following gentlemen be, and they are hereby appointed to hold the said election at the several places fixed by law, for holding Elections, in each Precinct in said County, between the hours of 9 A. M., and 6 P. M., on that day.

Cynthiana Precinct No. 1.—Jno. McKee, Wm. Winston and Wm. Garrett.

Webb's Store Precinct No. 2.—Wm. M. Davis, D. H. Raymond and Jas. T. Smith.

Nichland Precinct No. 3.—Jno. Woolery, Jas. A. Cleveland and A. Barlow.

Colemansville Precinct No. 4.—J. P. Blair, Jno. G. Berry and Y. H. Dean.

Rutland Precinct No. 5.—Jno. Burgess, Jno. S. Scott and P. McKenny.

Cassons Precinct No. 6.—Lewis Day, Samuel Baird and James Tippett.

Leesburg Precinct No. 7.—Chas. Ford, N. S. Patterson and Jas. H. Gray.

Claysville Precinct No. 8.—Jno. B. Hamilton, Wm. R. Garrett and H. C. Ogle.

Who will together with the Committee of Each Precinct, fill any vacancy that may occur in the several precincts, and when met to hold said Election, the said Judges shall appoint their Clerks, and after taking said vote shall report the same to the Central Committee at Cynthiana, on the 2nd Monday in April.

L. PERRIS, Chairman.

Madagascar.

Is an Island situated in the Indian Ocean, and lies East of the Continent of Africa. The people have always been idolaters, devoted to the same character of worship that their neighbors, the negroes of Africa have lent themselves to, the Fetish worship; but Missionaries have been laboring among them, and preaching the truth as it is in Christ, fervently and earnestly. Last Summer the Queen of Madagascar embraced Christianity, together with all the Aristocracy of her country. She proclaimed that her religion should become the religion of the Island, and ordered the idols to be burned and destroyed. She was obeyed and Madagascar is now a Christian country.

The French People.

The Empire of Louis Napoleon is not gliding as smoothly down life's rapid stream as heretofore. An ugly storm has overtaken the French Ship of State, and the concern begins to tremble and shake from stern to stem, as the fierce winds howl fearfully around that ray old craft. But the foundering of their Ship of State, is no new or startling announcement. The French people are a very fickle race, and are not likely to be satisfied with any Government which continues solvent for fifteen years. Hence, we have linkings of another uprising of the people there. Many are discontented, dissatisfied and revolutionary.

The leader of this new move in France, is one Henri Rochefort, the Editor of the "La Marseillaise."

He is also a member of the Chamber of Deputies. It is said that he is a man of considerable ability, and that he has managed to give the Emperor's Government much trouble.

Recently one of his co-editors, M. Noir, called on one Pierre Bonaparte, a so-called Prince of the Napoleon dynasty, to arrange a little difficulty for the Prince and Rochefort, but the Prince in a most cowardly manner killed M. Noir, and tried to kill the gentleman who was with him, but he made his escape from the House of the Prince, where he had invited them to arrange the business.

This murder has stirred up much bad blood against the Government, and Napoleon the 3rd has been compelled to throw around Paris, a force of one hundred thousand of his soldiers to protect himself and his Government from the mobs. It is said that the French Government was never as able to protect itself as at this time. That may be true, as far as foreign powers are concerned, but it don't hold good when the French soldier is required to fire upon his own people.

Time will work out this Bonaparte Empire, yet, and the people of France may have a republic.

Radical Measures.

Recently the Hon. Thos. L. Jones, from this District, offered a resolution or two in Congress, directing the President to give that attention to the reception of the remains of Mr. Peabody, as his position demanded. Considering the fact that this great Philanthropist was born in Massachusetts, it was believed by gentlemen and white people, members of Congress, that these resolutions should have come from some member of the House, from that State—and it was hoped doubtless, by Col. Jones that when he offered his resolutions that some gentleman, (if any could be found,) from that section of the country, would pronounce an eulogy worthy the great christian character of Mr. Peabody. But none was found. The radicals wanted no resolutions, and they intended to have no eulogy pronounced upon him, in that House, and they accordingly after the announcement that resolutions would be offered, organized a regular opposition.

Col. Jones called up the resolutions, and succeeded in obtaining a recognition from the Speaker, when Butler, the Beast of Radicalism, called him to order, and claimed that he had the floor on account of the fact that he had some report to make on Reconstruction, and being the Chairman of the Committee on that business, by the rules of the House, every other proposition must be laid aside, for the Beast to howl forth his report, should he desire to growl one out. He said he had one to make on this occasion, and hoped the gentleman from Kentucky would excuse him; and continuing his palaver for some time, finally broke down, and found himself ill prepared to talk, and not able to make any report. A few of his radical friends assisted him slightly, to fill up and occupy the time; but Col. Jones soon discovered the plot, and commenced skirmishing with the spoon-thief, and compelled him to yield the floor. The resolutions were read and adopted, and an eulogy was pronounced by our representative.

It seems that Mr. Peabody was a Southern sympathizer, at least such is our information at this time, and that it is the reason why Butler and his gang opposed any recognition on the part of the Government of the arrival of the distinguished dead.

We are heartily glad that the resolutions were opposed by such men as Butler, and that they were adopted without his assistance.

That good and great man, Mr. Peabody, would scorn, were he living to-day, to be the recipient of any favor from such creatures as Butler & Co. He did not endorse Mr. Butler's Military career, as no christian gentleman could, and as a matter of course Butler had no stomach for decent people, and did not desire the name of a gentleman eulogized in his hearing.

Yes, Mr. Peabody was a Southern sympathizer, but had he been otherwise, his great acts of charity would have endeared his name to the people of the South forever. When this great man had fallen, the Southern people mourned. They did not know, say, they did not make the enquiry—"was Peabody for or against the South?"—and perhaps few if any would have known it, if Butler, the Beast, had not made it public by his miserable opposition in this matter. But such acts of little meanness are

enacted every day by the radical leaders. It is a part and parcel of their policy to discover to the world their heinousness. They have but little else to do. Were they to pass a law which would conform in any particular to the Constitution of the country, they would lose their individuality, and radicalism would soon become extinct.

Kentucky News.

A meeting to organize a Teachers' Association for Fayette county, will be held in Lexington on Saturday.

Hon. John Q. A. King, has been appointed to visit Frankfort upon the subject of retaining the Branch Bank of Louisville at Paducah.

The subscribers to the Monument to the Confederate dead at Versailles, and those interested in the movement, will meet to perfect an organization on the 24th.

Two men by the name of Sam. Berkley and Alex. Hill got into a difficulty near Athens, on the 13th inst., when Berkley shot Hill, wounding him in a most dangerous if not fatal manner.

The New School Law.

One of the most important duties which the General Assembly, now in Session, will be called upon to perform, is the revision of the School Laws of the State. Not only the limited and inadequate means of endowment hitherto, but the deficiency of the law itself, in many respects, contributed to paralyze the operations of our Public School System. Since the vote of the people on last August, when the proposition to increase the tax was carried by a majority of twenty-five thousand, the first obstacle to the success of the free school system, can no longer be urged. To remove the second, it devolves upon the Legislature to enact a general system of wise and suitable laws, and to repeal all laws inconsistent therewith.

A revised code of laws for the better organization of the school system, in accordance with the instructions of the Legislature at its last Session, has been prepared, and submitted to the General Assembly, by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. In remodeling the old system, its form, features, and matter are retained as far as admissible. But the exigencies of the past, and the vast increase of the amount to be distributed to the various districts of the State, rendered many changes necessary. The commencement of the new school year is changed from the first of January to the first day of July. Many reasons may be assigned in favor of this change. The 31st of December is deemed an inconvenient period for the termination of the school year. The winter months are the most suitable for parents to spare their children for the school room, as they often need their services for the planting and harvest seasons. To terminate the school year on the 31st of December, is to make the provision interfere with the public convenience, and to interrupt the school at its most auspicious period. Schools generally open and close at the period to which the termination of the new school year is made to conform.

I shall have occasion hereafter, in future communications, to present to those of your readers who are interested in the new "Common School System," and have not the opportunity of reading the contemplated Act, additional departures from the old law, and some of the arguments assigned by the Superintendent of Public Instruction for the change.

TEACHER.

Indian Creek, Ky., Jan. 16, 1870.

Conservatism.

Conservative negroes don't stam much upon in Mecklenburg, Va. The Roanoke Valley says: "Tom Warren, a Conservative colored man (the very first one of his race to vote the Conservative ticket in the country), was assaulted on Saturday by two notoriously Radical negroes, Solomon Fields and Isaac Dugger, and beaten nearly to death. On last Saturday a few colored men came to Clarksville for the purpose of organizing a 'Walker club,' and although they conducted themselves with perfect propriety, they were set upon by a drunken rabble and driven from the town."

Hydrophobia.

Francis Robinson, of Blackinton, Mass., some thirty years ago was bitten by a mad dog. About every month he has had one or more fits, and last week had four in one day. During the paroxysms he barks like a dog and froths at his mouth. At other times he is able to do some work.

Who Will Be Cured?

A LARGE number of diseases are cured by the use of the "Cure for the Stomach," and all who have Dyspepsia, or any disorder of the Stomach, and wish to cure themselves in a very short time, and at a trifling cost, can do so by sending One Dollar, to Dr. W. F. F. Prewitt, Elkton, Todd county, Ky., and he will send them the necessary instructions by return mail. It should be remembered that Indigestion and all nervous affections are caused by a disordered stomach.

December 23, 1869-2mo.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR STRUGGLES AND TRIUMPHS OF P. T. BARNUM. Written by himself. In One Large Octavo Volume—Nearly 900 Pages—Printed in English and German—33 Elegant Full Page Engravings.

It embraces Forty Years Recollections of his Busy Life, as a Merchant, Manager, Banker, Lecturer and Showman, and gives accounts of his numerous travels, his Successes and Personal Reminiscences, replete with Humor, Anecdotes and Interesting Narratives. A book published so acceptable to all classes. Every one wants it. Agents are selling from 50 to 100 a week. We offer extra terms and pay freight. Our Illustrated Catalogue and Terms to Agents sent free.

J. B. BIRCH & CO., Publishers, HARTFORD, Conn. January 6, 1870-5w.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Frequent Decey, and the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 12 Cedar St., New York June 10, 1869-1y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription, free of charge, with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he believes to be valuable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may turn out a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, King Co., New York. June 10, 1869-1y.

Let Common Sense Decide.

What is the rational mode of procedure in cases of general debility and nervous prostration? The common reason tells us that medicine-stimulation is required. To resort to violent purgation in such a case is as absurd as it would be to bleed a starving man. Yet it is done every day. Yes, this stupid and unphilosophical practice is continued in the teeth of the great fact that physical weakness, with all the nervous disturbances that accompany it, is more certainly and rapidly relieved by the use of Stomach Bitters than by any other medicine at present known. It is true that general debility is often attended with torpor or irregularity of the bowels, and that this condition must not be overlooked. But while the discharge of the waste material of the system is expedient or regulated, its vigor must be recruited. The Bitters do both. They excite the appetite and fortify the system, with extraordinary tonic power. Even while removing obstructions from the bowels, they tone and invigorate those organs. Through the stomach, upon which the great vegetable specific acts directly, it gives a healthy and permanent impetus to every enteric function. Digestion is facilitated, the full ring circulation regulated, the blood reinforced with a new accession of the alimentary principle, the nervous system, and all the dominant powers of the body, are invigorated, and the system is gradually brought back to its normal condition. It is in this way that such extraordinary changes are wrought in the condition of the feeble, emaciated and nervous invalids by the use of this wonderful corrective, alterative and tonic. Let common sense decide between such a preparation and a purgative, cathartic supplemented by a poisonous astrigent like stymericum or quinia.

January 6, 1870-1mo.

Something Coming.

The sun's atmosphere, say scientific men, is in a highly excited condition. A column of magnetic light is shooting out further and further from the solar sphere, and it is now stretching out forty-five millions of miles. In other words, it has accomplished half the distance between us and the sun! The interesting question, and one on which, perhaps, we do not wish any more light of this character, is: How long will it be before it finishes the rest of the distance and bridges the gigantic chasm between the earth and the sun? Is a messenger sent out to snatch us up as food for the insatiable monster that keeps himself warm by devouring planets, and whose freighting propensities this whole earth would satisfy for a few days only? It so, how long will this emissary be in reaching us, and carrying the globe away as if we were a gigantic lump of coal for a roaring furnace? This column of light at intervals indicates its approach by flashing and corruscating with fresh brilliancy. So decided are its effects that two astronomers, one at London, the other at Oxford, and neither knowing the experiences of the other, supposed that the dark glass of their telescopes had been broken or put out of range, so strong was the flash of the golden light upon the vision. It is predicted that before the end of next year this magnetic light will have got near enough to us to make its immediate and actual influence upon the earth distinctly felt. It is announced that in consequence we may expect to see phenomena that have never been seen or known before by the human race. If any of our readers are therefore yet disposed to complain of the weather and the earthquakes, let them remember that, by this time next year, they may have an entire new line of experiences to explain and endure. In comparison with which the fitful winter and rough, rude autumn of to-day, may seem like a June morning in paradise, and the earthquake's shock and the lightning's storm a placid rocking in the cradle with a pleasant lullaby of thunder.

Reputation in Private.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press says: "The long-promised speech of Mr. Munger, of Ohio, advocating the repudiation of the National debt, was delivered in the House to-day, and was, in turn, repudiated by all the Democrats present, except Mr. Jones, of Kentucky, whereat Mr. Munger waxed wroth, and in private conversation afterward denounced them all as cowards, adding a declaration that 'Every one of them has time and time again privately talked open and unqualified repudiation of everything except their salaries.'"

We honor Mr. Munger for his bold and earnest talk. He will have the thanks of a majority of the American people, and time will vindicate his position.—Pomeroy's (N. Y.) Democrat.

Who Will Be Cured?

A LARGE number of diseases are cured by the use of the "Cure for the Stomach," and all who have Dyspepsia, or any disorder of the Stomach, and wish to cure themselves in a very short time, and at a trifling cost, can do so by sending One Dollar, to Dr. W. F. F. Prewitt, Elkton, Todd county, Ky., and he will send them the necessary instructions by return mail. It should be remembered that Indigestion and all nervous affections are caused by a disordered stomach.

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A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Frequent Decey, and the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 12 Cedar St., New York June 10, 1869-1y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription, free of charge, with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he believes to be valuable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may turn out a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, King Co., New York. June 10, 1869-1y.

Let Common Sense Decide.

What is the rational mode of procedure in cases of general debility and nervous prostration? The common reason tells us that medicine-stimulation is required. To resort to violent purgation in such a case is as absurd as it would be to bleed a starving man. Yet it is done every day. Yes, this stupid and unphilosophical practice is continued in the teeth of the great fact that physical weakness, with all the nervous disturbances that accompany it, is more certainly and rapidly relieved by the use of Stomach Bitters than by any other medicine at present known. It is true that general debility is often attended with torpor or irregularity of the bowels, and that this condition must not be overlooked. But while the discharge of the waste material of the system is expedient or regulated, its vigor must be recruited. The Bitters do both. They excite the appetite and fortify the system, with extraordinary tonic power. Even while removing obstructions from the bowels, they tone and invigorate those organs. Through the stomach, upon which the great vegetable specific acts directly, it gives a healthy and permanent impetus to every enteric function. Digestion is facilitated, the full ring circulation regulated, the blood reinforced with a new accession of the alimentary principle, the nervous system, and all the dominant powers of the body, are invigorated, and the system is gradually brought back to its normal condition. It is in this way that such extraordinary changes are wrought in the condition of the feeble, emaciated and nervous invalids by the use of this wonderful corrective, alterative and tonic. Let common sense decide between such a preparation and a purgative, cathartic supplemented by a poisonous astrigent like stymericum or quinia.

January 6, 1870-1mo.

Something Coming.

The sun's atmosphere, say scientific men, is in a highly excited condition. A column of magnetic light is shooting out further and further from the solar sphere, and it is now stretching out forty-five millions of miles. In other words, it has accomplished half the distance between us and the sun! The interesting question, and one on which, perhaps, we do not wish any more light of this character, is: How long will it be before it finishes the rest of the distance and bridges the gigantic chasm between the earth and the sun? Is a messenger sent out to snatch us up as food for the insatiable monster that keeps himself warm by devouring planets, and whose freighting propensities this whole earth would satisfy for a few days only? It so, how long will this emissary be in reaching us, and carrying the globe away as if we were a gigantic lump of coal for a roaring furnace? This column of light at intervals indicates its approach by flashing and corruscating with fresh brilliancy. So decided are its effects that two astronomers, one at London, the other at Oxford, and neither knowing the experiences of the other, supposed that the dark glass of their telescopes had been broken or put out of range, so strong was the flash of the golden light upon the vision. It is predicted that before the end of next year this magnetic light will have got near enough to us to make its immediate and actual influence upon the earth distinctly felt. It is announced that in consequence we may expect to see phenomena that have never been seen or known before by the human race. If any of our readers are therefore yet disposed to complain of the weather and the earthquakes, let them remember that, by this time next year, they may have an entire new line of experiences to explain and endure. In comparison with which the fitful winter and rough, rude autumn of to-day, may seem like a June morning in paradise, and the earthquake's shock and the lightning's storm a placid rocking in the cradle with a pleasant lullaby of thunder.

Reputation in Private.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press says: "The long-promised speech of Mr. Munger, of Ohio, advocating the repudiation of the National debt, was delivered in the House to-day, and was, in turn, repudiated by all the Democrats present, except Mr. Jones, of Kentucky, whereat Mr. Munger waxed wroth, and in private conversation afterward denounced them all as cowards, adding a declaration that 'Every one of them has time and time again privately talked open and unqualified repudiation of everything except their salaries.'"

We honor Mr. Munger for his bold and earnest talk. He will have the thanks of a majority of the American people, and time will vindicate his position.—Pomeroy's (N. Y.) Democrat.

1870. 1870.

NEW GOODS.

D. A. GIVENS,

No. 26 Main St.,

Dealer in

FOREIGN

—AND—

DOMESTIC

Merchandise,

SHOP MADE.

Shoes and Boots,

HATS CAPS,

Cassimeres,

Furnishing Goods, &c.

D. A. GIVENS.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

The Great

Family Medicine of the Age.

We ask the attention of the public to this long and unvaried

FAMILY MEDICINE.

For the cure of Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, General Debility, Indigestion, Stomach and Liver Complaints, Bowel Complaints, Colic, Diarrhoea, Cholera, &c., &c.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

For Sale by

J. W. RENAKER, CYNTHIANA, AND

THOS. F. OTWELL, CYNTHIANA.

A GOOD FAMILY MEDICINE.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balm—Cures Coughs, Croup, and Consumption, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and Lung Complaints. Allen's Celebrated Lung Balm—Lungers, Stroughs, and the system.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balm—A pleasant and safe.

Allen's Celebrated Lung Balm—Always gives relief in the case of the cough, whooping cough, croup, and all the other diseases of the throat and lungs. Physicians, and all who are desirous to take and harmless in its nature, it is a powerful remedy for curing all diseases of the Lungs.

Sold by J. W. RENAKER, and THOS. F. OTWELL, Cynthiana, Ky.

November 25, 1869.

CENTRAL HOTEL.

GRAY & TURLEY, Proprietor

CORNER FIVE AND WASHINGTON STS. OPPOSITE K. C. R. R. DEPOT, COVINGTON, KY.

November 4, 1869.

RINE'S VEGETABLE AMBROSIA.

This famous medicine has been before the public long enough to have been thoroughly tested, and its increasing sale and popularity are the best evidence of its superior merit.

For curing humors of the scalp, pimples, venting itching, it is wonderfully successful.

For preventing the hair from falling off, it is equally successful.

For restoring hair to bald heads, it succeeds beyond all competition, although not always successful. Where the glands or follicles are not destroyed, hair will grow, after using it properly.

As a dressing nothing surpasses it. It imparts a dry, faded, and wiry hair, that beautiful glossy appearance so much admired.

Containing no oil or grease, it does not soil the finest linen.

It is compounded upon Scientific principles of the purest ingredients, and is entirely harmless.

Being so light and so delicate, it can be used by the most delicate and tender skin.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND MERCHANTS EVERYWHERE.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR A BOTTLE. Sent by mail, \$1.50 per bottle. The bottle is put up in Quart Bottles. Recollect that it is RINE'S German Remedy for the Scalp, and is highly recommended by the medical profession, and do not allow the druggists to induce you to take any other.

YOU ALL

HAVE READ OF

Hoofland's German Bitters,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Their introduction into this country from Germany occurred in 1855.

They Cured Your Fathers and Mothers

And will cure you and your children. They are entirely different from the many preparations now in the country called Bitters or Tonic. They are not laxative preparations, or anything like them; but good, honest, reliable medicines. They are

H

The greatest known remedies for

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Jaundice, Diseases of the Kidneys, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,

and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or

